

T₃ 01.06.12. Solutions

Question 1 (35 points) Sylvester equation $AX - XB = C$ is solved for given $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, $B \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times k}$, $C \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$ and unknown $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$.

Q1a (10 p) Specify $(\text{vec}(X))^T$ in terms of its columns $x_i, i = 1, \dots, k$:

$$(\text{vec}(X))^T = (x_1^T \ x_2^T \ \dots \ x_k^T)$$

Q1b (10 p) The Sylvester equation is transformed into an equivalent linear system $\mathcal{A} \text{vec}(X) = \text{vec}(C)$. Specify, without proof, the missing terms in the following formula (here $I_n \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ is the identity matrix):

$$A = I_k \otimes A - B^T \otimes I_n, \quad I_k \text{ is identity } k \times k$$

Q1c (15 p) Write down the matrix \mathcal{A} for A and B given below:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{A} = \begin{bmatrix} A & 1 \\ 1 & A \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 2 (30 points) A nonlinear system of equation $F(x) = 0$ is solved by an inexact Newton method, where $F : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ is a smooth mapping.

Q2a (10 p) Complete the formula below for the matrix free multiplication of the Jacobian times a vector $w \in \mathbb{R}^n$ (here $\delta > 0$ is a small parameter and $x_c \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is the current solution vector):

$$F'(x_c)w \approx \frac{1}{\delta}(F(x_c + \delta w) - F(x_c)). \quad (1)$$

Q2b (10 p) Estimate accuracy of approximation (1) above, i.e. prove that the approximation error is $\mathcal{O}(\delta^\ell)$ and specify ℓ .

$$\begin{aligned} F'(x_c)w - \frac{1}{\delta}(F(x_c + \delta w) - F(x_c)) &= F'(x_c)w - \frac{1}{\delta}\left(F'(x_c)\delta w + O(\|\delta w\|^2)\right) = \\ &= F'(x_c)w - F'(x_c)w + O(\delta) = O(\delta), \text{ thus } \ell = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Q2c (10 p) How could we improve the accuracy of approximation (1)?

$$F'(x_0)w \approx \underbrace{\frac{1}{2\delta} (F(x_0 + \delta w) - F(x_0 - \delta w))}_{2\delta F'(x_0)w + O(\delta^3)} - \begin{matrix} \text{Central finite} \\ \text{differences} \end{matrix}$$

\Downarrow
 error $\frac{1}{\delta} O(\delta^3) = O(\delta^2)$

Question 3 (35 points) Consider the Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno (BFGS) update, for given $B_k \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ and vectors x_k, x_{k+1}, y_k :

$$B_{k+1} = B_k + \frac{y_k y_k^T}{y_k^T (x_{k+1} - x_k)} - \frac{B_k (x_{k+1} - x_k) (B_k (x_{k+1} - x_k))^T}{(x_{k+1} - x_k)^T B_k (x_{k+1} - x_k)}$$

Q3a (10 p) What is the rank of the matrix $y_k y_k^T$? Motivate your answer.

$y_k y_k^T = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix} [y_1 \dots y_n] = \text{columns of this matrix are the same up to a constant factor} \Rightarrow \text{rank} = 1$

Q3b (10 p) What is the rank of the matrix $B_{k+1} - B_k$? Motivate your answer.

2 matrices of rank 1 \Rightarrow rank 2

Q3c (15 p) Simplify

$$B_{k+1}(x_{k+1} - x_k) = B_k(x_{k+1} - x_k) + \frac{y_k y_k^T (x_{k+1} - x_k)}{y_k^T (x_{k+1} - x_k)} - \frac{B_k(x_{k+1} - x_k) (B_k(x_{k+1} - x_k))^T (x_{k+1} - x_k)}{(x_{k+1} - x_k)^T B_k (x_{k+1} - x_k)} = y_k$$