

$$1 \quad P(G) = P(O) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a. \quad P(K|G) = \frac{1}{2} \quad P(K|O) = 1$$

$$2 \quad P(K) = P(K|G)P(G) + P(K|O)P(O) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$P(G|K) = P(K|G)P(G)/P(K) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$b \quad P(KK|G) = \frac{1}{4} \quad P(KK|O) = 1$$

$$P(KK) = P(KK|G)P(G) + P(KK|O)P(O) = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$2 \quad P(G|KK) = P(KK|G)P(G)/P(KK) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$1 \quad c \quad P(G|KKM) = 1$$

$$2 \quad a \quad c \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^i}{i!} \frac{3^j}{j!} = ce^6 = 1 \Rightarrow c = e^{-6}$$

$$b \quad P(X=i) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} P(X=i, Y=j) = e^{-2} \frac{2^i}{i!}, \quad i=0,1,\dots$$

$$2 \quad EX = 2$$

$$c \quad \varphi_X(t) = Ee^{tX} = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} e^{ti} e^{-2} \frac{2^i}{i!} = e^{2(e^t-1)}$$

$$\varphi_X''(t) = 4e^{2t} e^{2(e^t-1)} + 2e^t e^{2(e^t-1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow EX^2 = \varphi_X''(0) = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{var } X = EX^2 - (EX)^2 = 2 \quad (\text{of direct})$$

d $P(X=i, Y=j) = P(X=i)P(Y=j)$ dus o.o.

2 $\Rightarrow P(X=i | Y=0) = P(X=i) = e^{-2} \frac{2^i}{i!} \quad i=0,1,\dots$

e $\text{cov}(X, X+Y) = \text{cov}(X, X) + \text{cov}(X, Y)$

2 $= \text{var } X = 2$

1 3 a $\frac{1}{2}$

1 b $P(W_Y=0) = P(T_Y \leq T_K) = \frac{1}{2}$

c $0 \leq x \leq 1$:

$$P(W_Y \leq x) = P(W_Y=0) + P(W_Y \leq x, W_Y > 0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + P(0 < T_K - T_Y \leq x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \int_0^1 P(T_Y < T_K \leq T_Y + x | T_Y = u) du$$

2 $= \frac{1}{2} + \int_{1-x}^1 P(u < T_K \leq u+x) du$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \int_0^{1-x} x du + \int_{1-x}^1 (1-u) du$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} + x - \frac{1}{2} x^2 & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$d \quad P(W_j \leq x | W_j > 0) = 2 P(0 < W_j \leq x)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2x - x^2 & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore f_{W_j | W_j > 0}(x) = 2(1-x), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\therefore E[W_j] = \frac{1}{2} E[W_j | W_j > 0]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 x f_{W_j | W_j > 0}(x) dx = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$e \quad T_j \geq T_k \Rightarrow W_j = 0 \quad W_k = T_j - T_k$$

$$T_j < T_k \Rightarrow W_k = 0 \quad W_j = T_k - T_j$$

$$\therefore W_j + W_k = |T_j - T_k|$$

f

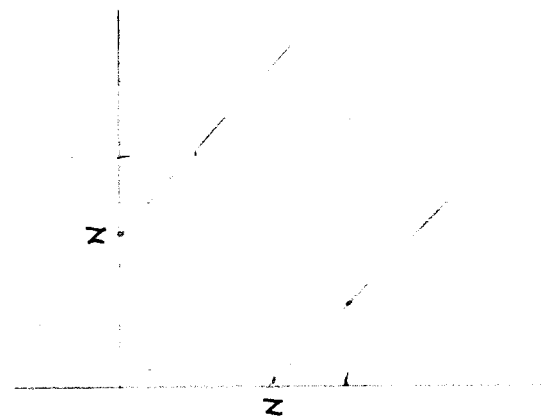
$$P(W_j + W_k \leq z) =$$

$$P(|T_j - T_k| \leq z) =$$

$$1 - (1-z)^2, \quad 0 \leq z \leq 1$$

\(\therefore\)

$$f_{W_j + W_k}(z) = \begin{cases} 2(1-z) & 0 \leq z \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{elders} \end{cases}$$



$$4 \text{ a. } EX_1 = \int_0^1 \frac{3}{2} x \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$EX_1^2 = \int_0^1 \frac{3}{2} x^2 \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\text{var } X_1 = EX_1^2 - (EX_1)^2 = \frac{12}{175}$$

$$\therefore ES_n = \frac{3}{5} n \quad \text{var } S_n = \frac{12}{175} n$$

$$b \quad ES_{525} = 525 \cdot \frac{3}{5} = 315$$

$$\text{var } S_{525} = 525 \cdot \frac{12}{175} = 36$$

$$\text{C.L.S. } P\left(\frac{S_{525} - 315}{6} \leq x\right) \approx \Phi(x)$$

$$\therefore P(|S_{525} - 315| < 12)$$

$$= P\left(-2 < \frac{S_{525} - 315}{6} < 2\right)$$

$$\approx \Phi(2) - \Phi(-2) = 2\Phi(2) - 1$$

$$c \quad \text{Chebysev: } P(|S_{525} - ES_{525}| \geq k) \leq \frac{\text{var } S_{525}}{k^2}$$

$$\therefore P(|S_{525} - 315| \geq 12) \leq \frac{36}{144} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore P(|S_{525} - 315| < 12) \geq \frac{3}{4}$$

$$2 \quad 5 \quad a \quad E[X | X > c] = c + EX = c + \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$b \quad E[X | X > Y] = E[\min(X, Y) + X - Y | X > Y]$$

$$2 \quad = E[\min(X, Y) | X > Y] + E[X - Y | X > Y]$$

$$= E[\min(X, Y)] + \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda + \mu} + \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$c \quad f_{X+Y}(z) = \int_0^z f_X(x) f_Y(z-x) dx$$

$$= \int_0^z \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \mu e^{-\mu(z-x)} dx$$

$$3 \quad = \lambda \mu e^{-\mu z} \int_0^z e^{-(\lambda-\mu)x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\lambda \mu}{\lambda - \mu} e^{-\mu z} (1 - e^{-(\lambda-\mu)z})$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{\lambda - \mu} \mu e^{-\mu z} + \frac{\mu}{\mu - \lambda} \lambda e^{-\lambda z}, \quad z \geq 0$$